

#### **Eagleton Institute of Politics**

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All press releases available at <a href="https://eagletonpoll.rutgers.edu/press">https://eagletonpoll.rutgers.edu/press</a> releases/. Follow the Rutgers-Eagleton Poll on Facebook <a href="https://www.facebook.com/RutgersEagletonPoll">https://www.facebook.com/RutgersEagletonPoll</a> and Twitter @EagletonPoll.

# Rutgers-Eagleton Poll: About Four in Ten New Jerseyans Say They Won't Get COVID-19 Vaccine

Most still concerned about someone in their household getting the coronavirus, believe life won't return to normal for a while

NOTE: This poll was conducted prior to the 2020 U.S. Presidential Election.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J. (November 17, 2020) – Between 36 percent and 47 percent of New Jerseyans say they will "probably" or "definitely" not get vaccinated against COVID-19, with response rates varying depending on how the question is asked, according to the latest Rutgers-Eagleton Poll.

Among individuals reluctant to get vaccinated, 80 percent cite a concern about side effects, and 82 percent cite the need for more information about how the vaccine works as "major reasons" for their resistance. Fewer respondents cite not feeling they need it (a major reason for 25 percent, and minor reason for 23 percent) or the potential cost (a major reason for 15 percent and minor reason for 22 percent).

"With the recent positive news from Pfizer and Moderna, it is likely that public opinion on immunization will continue to shift and evolve," said Ashley Koning, assistant research professor and director of the <u>Eagleton Center for Public Interest Polling (ECPIP)</u> at <u>Rutgers University—New Brunswick</u>. "But right now, a large portion of New Jerseyans are still wary, which makes any future messaging encouraging vaccination that much more important."

The proportion of those who say they would "definitely" or "probably" get vaccinated varies depending on how the vaccine is described. When framed as a "first-generation" vaccine, 17 percent say they would "definitely" and 32 percent say they would "probably" get vaccinated. The numbers increase to 20 percent "definitely" and 33 percent "probably" when asked simply about a "vaccine." Respondents are most enthusiastic – 36 percent "definitely" and 24 percent

"probably" – when it is described as "safe and effective."

"We know that how something is worded or framed makes a difference in how people respond," noted Koning. "The more the vaccine is described with some sense of certainty, the more agreeable residents are to getting it."

Vaccine or no vaccine, New Jerseyans do not see the Garden State returning to normal anytime soon. Forty-two percent feel New Jersey will not be back to normal until 6 months to a year from now. Another 30 percent feel it will take longer. Twenty-three percent, on the other hand, believe things will be better within the next six months.

Sixty-six percent of New Jerseyans say they know someone who has tested positive for coronavirus, up a few points since the Rutgers-Eagleton Poll first asked this question in May. Seventy-one percent are worried (30 percent "very," 41 percent "somewhat") that they or someone in their household will get sick from the coronavirus, though this is down from last spring (41 percent "very," 38 percent "somewhat").

Assessed prior to the 2020 U.S. Presidential Election, President Donald Trump continues to receive a failing grade from half of New Jerseyans for his handling of the pandemic, up a few points from May. The vast majority of Democrats (81 percent) and a plurality of independents (41 percent) give Trump an 'F.' Republicans, however, are overwhelmingly behind their president: 49 percent give him an 'A,' and another 31 percent give him a 'B.'

Grades for both how one's local elected officials and Governor Phil Murphy are handling the pandemic are slightly down, each taking a double-digit hit in the number who assign them an 'A'; 22 percent now give local officials an 'A' (down from 30 percent), and 26 percent now give the same to Murphy (down from 39 percent).

Murphy's overall job approval and favorability have also declined, though both are still in positive territory. Sixty-two percent now approve of the overall job Murphy is doing as governor, while 33 percent disapprove. Fifty-four percent now have a favorable impression of the governor (down from 59 percent); 28 percent have an unfavorable impression (up from 20 percent).

"Despite this decrease, Murphy's current favorability rating is still one of the all-time highest for a governor in New Jersey, next to Governors Kean, Whitman, McGreevy, and Christie, who have all passed the 50-percent mark," said Koning. "But it seems the Governor's rally 'round the flag moment from last spring is dissipating as the pandemic continues on and as decisions regarding public health and the economy grow tougher."

Results are from a statewide poll of 1,001 adults contacted by live callers on landlines and cell phones from October 18 - 24. The full sample has a margin of error of +/- 3.8 percentage points.

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**Broadcast interviews**: Rutgers University—New Brunswick has broadcast-quality TV and radio studios available for remote live or taped interviews with Rutgers experts. For more information, contact Neal Buccino <a href="mailto:neal.buccino@echo.rutgers.edu">neal.buccino@echo.rutgers.edu</a>.

#### ABOUT RUTGERS—NEW BRUNSWICK

Rutgers University—New Brunswick is where Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey, began more than 250 years ago. Ranked among the world's top 60 universities, Rutgers's flagship university is a leading public research institution and a member of the prestigious Association of American Universities. It is home to internationally acclaimed faculty and has 12 degreegranting schools and a Division I Athletics program. It is the Big Ten Conference's most diverse university. Through its community of teachers, scholars, artists, scientists, and healers, Rutgers is equipped as never before to transform lives.

#### ABOUT THE EAGLETON CENTER FOR PUBLIC INTEREST POLLING (ECPIP)

Home of the Rutgers-Eagleton Poll, ECPIP was established in 1971 and is the oldest and one of the most respected university-based state survey research centers in the United States. Now in its 48<sup>th</sup> year and with the publication of over 200 polls, ECPIP's mission is to provide scientifically sound, non-partisan information about public opinion. To read more about ECPIP and view all of our press releases, published research, and data archive, please visit our website: eagletonpoll.rutgers.edu. You can also visit our Facebook and Twitter.

#### ABOUT THE EAGLETON INSTITUTE OF POLITICS

The Eagleton Center for Public Interest Polling is a unit of the Eagleton Institute of Politics at Rutgers University-New Brunswick. The Eagleton Institute studies how American politics and government work and change, analyzes how the democracy might improve, and promotes political participation and civic engagement. The Institute explores state and national politics through research, education, and public service, linking the study of politics with its day-to-day practice. To learn more about Eagleton programs and expertise, visit eagleton.rutgers.edu.

QUESTIONS AND TABLES START ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE

#### **Questions and Tables**

The questions covered in this release are listed below. Column percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. Respondents are New Jersey adults; all percentages are of weighted results. Interpret groups with samples sizes under 100 with extreme caution.

Q. Now I'd like to ask you about some people. Please tell me if your general impression of each one is favorable or unfavorable, or if you do not have an opinion. If you do not know the person, just say so. First:

Phil Murphy	
Favorable	54%
Unfavorable	28%
No opinion	15%
Don't know person (vol)	3%
Unwght N=	496

	Party ID			Ge	nder	Income				
						\$50k- \$100k-				
	Dem	Ind	Rep	Male	Female	<\$50K	<\$100k	<150k	\$150k+	
Favorable	72%	49%	29%	45%	62%	56%	55%	52%	54%	
Unfavorable	7%	31%	59%	40%	17%	21%	27%	38%	34%	
No opinion	18%	15%	12%	13%	18%	21%	17%	9%	9%	
Don't know person (vol)	3%	4%	1%	3%	3%	3%	1%	1%	3%	
Unwght N=	193	166	132	264	232	102	152	96	100	

Q. Overall, do you approve or disapprove of the way Phil Murphy is handling his job as governor?

Approve	62%
Disapprove	33%
Don't know (vol)	5%
Unwght N=	499

Q. Please rate how each of the following is handling the coronavirus pandemic, using a grading scale from A to F. You can give any full letter grade – A, B, C, D, or F. First:

### [RANDOMIZE ORDER]

		Your local	
	Donald	elected	
	Trump	officials	Phil Murphy
A	16%	22%	26%
В	15%	31%	33%
С	10%	27%	17%
D	9%	10%	9%
F	50%	9%	15%
Unwght N=	977	906	963

## **Donald Trump**

	Party ID		Gender		Race/ethnicity				Ag	e		Income \$50k- \$100k-				
	Dem	Ind	Rep	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	<\$50K	<\$100k	<150k	\$150k+
A	2%	12%	49%	19%	14%	22%	4%	14%	14%	18%	18%	14%	14%	16%	19%	22%
В	4%	17%	31%	18%	11%	19%	3%	11%	12%	15%	15%	15%	10%	15%	15%	19%
С	4%	17%	11%	10%	10%	12%	6%	9%	11%	10%	10%	11%	10%	10%	13%	5%
D	10%	13%	3%	9%	9%	7%	14%	10%	13%	12%	7%	6%	8%	11%	11%	11%
F	81%	41%	6%	44%	55%	40%	74%	56%	51%	45%	50%	54%	58%	48%	42%	43%
Unwght N=	389	327	247	511	466	670	99	103	110	326	339	193	199	288	183	210

		Educ	ation		Region						
	HS or	Some	College	Graduate	Phil/						
	less	college	grad	work	Urban	Suburban	Exurban	South	Shore		
A	20%	15%	14%	16%	7%	18%	19%	14%	23%		
В	16%	18%	14%	8%	7%	12%	12%	18%	26%		
С	13%	7%	10%	12%	10%	10%	10%	11%	9%		
D	9%	10%	9%	10%	8%	13%	6%	6%	9%		
F	43%	50%	54%	54%	67%	47%	53%	51%	33%		
Unwght N=	154	237	299	280	147	344	139	167	180		

## COVID-19 Vaccine November 2020 Rutgers-Eagleton Poll

Vour	Incal	elected officials	
TOUL	ıvcaı	elected officials	•

	Party ID		)	Gender		Race/ethnicity			Age				Income \$50k- \$100k-			
	Dem	Ind	Rep	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	<\$50K	•	•	
A	26%	18%	22%	20%	24%	24%	21%	21%	19%	19%	24%	27%	23%	22%	18%	29%
В	37%	30%	24%	31%	32%	29%	36%	35%	25%	32%	36%	30%	24%	34%	31%	34%
С	24%	31%	28%	25%	30%	27%	27%	30%	34%	31%	21%	25%	32%	26%	28%	25%
D	7%	11%	14%	13%	7%	10%	9%	9%	14%	10%	9%	7%	10%	11%	12%	6%
F	7%	10%	12%	11%	8%	10%	8%	6%	8%	8%	10%	11%	11%	8%	11%	5%
Unwght N=	373	300	221	469	437	615	97	95	98	309	319	172	182	269	173	196

		Educ	cation		Region						
	HS or	Some	College	Graduate		Phil/					
	less	college	grad	work	Urban	Suburban	Exurban	South	Shore		
A	21%	18%	25%	28%	25%	21%	19%	21%	23%		
В	24%	28%	39%	40%	36%	31%	33%	29%	29%		
С	27%	35%	21%	22%	26%	25%	30%	30%	29%		
D	12%	11%	11%	5%	7%	12%	10%	8%	10%		
F	16%	9%	5%	5%	7%	11%	8%	12%	8%		
Unwght N=	145	210	282	262	140	322	126	158	160		

## **Phil Murphy**

	Party ID		Gender		Rad	ce/eth	nicity		Ag	e			Income				
														\$50k- \$100k-			
	Dem	Ind	Rep	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	<\$50K	<\$100k	<150k	\$150k+	
A	41%	19%	12%	21%	31%	23%	31%	34%	17%	31%	26%	27%	31%	27%	20%	24%	
В	39%	34%	19%	34%	32%	28%	48%	31%	35%	37%	31%	27%	30%	30%	31%	39%	
С	10%	23%	22%	17%	17%	18%	11%	21%	19%	14%	16%	23%	15%	18%	20%	15%	
D	5%	10%	16%	10%	9%	12%	5%	4%	8%	9%	12%	7%	8%	11%	8%	11%	
F	5%	15%	32%	18%	11%	18%	5%	10%	20%	10%	15%	17%	16%	14%	19%	10%	
Unwght N=	386	321	242	502	461	660	95	103	105	321	338	191	192	287	182	208	

		Educ	ation		Region						
	HS or	Some	College	Graduate	Phil/						
	less	college	grad	work	Urban	Suburban	Exurban	South	Shore		
A	26%	23%	25%	35%	36%	28%	22%	20%	21%		
В	32%	30%	32%	37%	38%	33%	31%	32%	30%		
С	14%	17%	24%	14%	18%	13%	19%	19%	21%		
D	10%	12%	10%	5%	5%	10%	12%	10%	10%		
F	18%	18%	9%	8%	3%	16%	17%	19%	18%		
Unwght N=	150	230	297	278	146	340	139	162	176		

## Q. Do you personally know someone who has tested positive for coronavirus?

Yes	66%
No	34%
Unwght N=	991

	Party ID		Ge	ender	Rad	ce/eth	nicity		Ag	e		Income				
														\$50k-	\$100k-	
	Dem	Ind	Rep	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	<\$50K	<\$100k	<150k	\$150k+
Yes	69%	62%	66%	65%	67%	65%	60%	75%	63%	69%	74%	55%	51%	67%	77%	78%
No	31%	38%	34%	35%	33%	35%	40%	25%	37%	31%	26%	45%	49%	33%	23%	22%
Unwght N=	391	336	248	513	478	676	102	106	114	328	342	198	201	294	184	210

		Educ	ation		Region							
	HS or	Some	College	Graduate				Phil/				
	less	college	grad	work	Urban	Suburban	Exurban	South	Shore			
Yes	57%	65%	72%	74%	65%	71%	69%	53%	65%			
No	43%	35%	28%	26%	35%	29%	31%	47%	35%			
Unwght N=	157	244	301	281	153	348	140	170	180			

## [SPLIT SAMPLE] [VERSION A]

QA. If a vaccine to prevent COVID-19 were available today, would you ...

#### [VERSION B]

QB. If a first-generation vaccine to prevent COVID-19 were available today, would you ...

#### [VERSION C]

QC. If a "safe and effective" vaccine to prevent COVID-19 were available today, would you ...

	"Vaccine"	"First-generation Vaccine"	"Safe and Effective Vaccine"
Definitely get the vaccine	20%	17%	36%
Probably get the vaccine	33%	32%	24%
Probably not get the vaccine	24%	23%	19%
Definitely not get the vaccine	16%	24%	17%
Don't Know	7%	4%	4%
Unwght N=	333	331	333

## If a [vaccine] to prevent COVID-19 were available today, would you...

	Party ID w				Race/ethnicity White,		ge	Inco	ome	Edu Some	cation	Parent/	Guardian	
	Dem/	Rep/			Non-	, Non-	Under				coll or			
	Lean Dem	Lean Rep	Male	Female	Hisp	White	50	50+	<\$100K	\$100K+	less	College+	Yes	No
Definitely	14%	30%	27%	14%	24%	15%	18%	22%	13%	30%	13%	30%	26%	17%
Probably	35%	31%	43%	24%	34%	29%	31%	33%	28%	38%	31%	34%	38%	29%
Probably not	24%	26%	17%	30%	24%	25%	21%	28%	26%	21%	26%	22%	15%	28%
Definitely not	14%	12%	11%	21%	12%	22%	22%	11%	24%	7%	20%	11%	14%	18%
Don't Know (VOL)	12%	2%	1%	12%	7%	8%	8%	6%	9%	3%	10%	3%	6%	8%
Unwght N=	170	118	169	164	226	98	148	182	159	141	130	200	109	222

### If a [safe and effective vaccine] to prevent COVID-19 were available today, would you...

	Party ID w/ Leaners		eaners Gender		Race/ethnicity White,		A	ge	Inco	ome	Edu Some	cation	Parent/0	Guardian
	Dem/	Rep/			Non-	Non-	Under	-			coll or			
	Lean Dem	Lean Rep	Male	Female	Hisp	White	50	50+	<\$100K	\$100K+	less	College+	Yes	No
Definitely	38%	38%	37%	34%	46%	23%	32%	42%	41%	33%	36%	38%	38%	36%
Probably	22%	30%	23%	26%	28%	20%	24%	25%	19%	28%	19%	31%	24%	25%
Probably not	21%	12%	20%	17%	12%	26%	18%	19%	16%	23%	19%	17%	14%	20%
Definitely not	14%	19%	16%	18%	12%	25%	21%	12%	21%	14%	23%	10%	19%	17%
Don't Know (VOL)	4%	2%	3%	5%	3%	6%	5%	2%	3%	2%	3%	5%	6%	3%
Unwght N=	164	123	184	149	228	99	157	173	169	142	134	197	97	233

### If a [first generation vaccine] to prevent COVID-19 were available today, would you...

	Party ID w/ Leaners				•	lace/ethnicity		ge	Inco	me	Edu	cation	Parent/0	Guardian
		David David			White,						Some			
	Dem/ Rep/				Non-	Non-	Under	•			coll or	•		
	Lean Dem	Lean Rep	Male	Female	Hisp	White	50	50+	<\$100K	\$100K+	less	College+	Yes	No
Definitely	14%	22%	22%	13%	20%	16%	21%	15%	17%	18%	17%	19%	21%	16%
Probably	31%	32%	33%	30%	35%	27%	30%	34%	33%	27%	28%	37%	33%	32%
Probably not	26%	25%	21%	25%	22%	24%	21%	25%	22%	26%	24%	23%	18%	25%
Definitely not	23%	19%	20%	27%	19%	29%	26%	22%	26%	22%	27%	18%	28%	23%
Don't Know (VOL)	5%	2%	4%	4%	4%	4%	2%	5%	3%	6%	4%	3%	1%	5%
Unwght N=	170	109	162	169	225	96	142	186	170	114	139	189	103	224

#### [IF PROBABLY OR DEFINITELY NOT GETTING VACCINE]

Q. Please tell me whether each of the following is a major reason, minor reason, or not a reason for why you would [probably/definitely (based on above)] NOT get a vaccine to prevent COVID-19?

COVID-19 Vaccine November 2020 Rutgers-Eagleton Poll

	You are concerned about the side effects	You do not think you need it	It would cost too much	You want to know more about how well it works
Major reason	80%	25%	15%	82%
Minor reason	11%	23%	22%	8%
Not a reason	8%	49%	61%	9%
Don't know	1%	3%	3%	1%
Unwght N=	384	381	384	384

#### You are concerned about the side effects

Total and contact the diagram of the contact the conta														
	Party ID w	Party ID w/ Leaners		Gender Race/ethnicity			A	ge	Inco	me	Education		Parent/	Guardian
					White	,					Some			
	Dem/	Rep/			Non-	Non-	Under	•			coll or	•		
	Lean Dem	Lean Rep	Male	Female	Hisp	White	50	50+	<\$100K	\$100K+	less	College+	- Yes	No
Major reason	82%	74%	74%	84%	79%	81%	83%	77%	83%	76%	82%	75%	83%	79%
Minor reason	11%	10%	17%	7%	9%	13%	10%	13%	9%	15%	10%	14%	13%	11%
Not a reason	5%	15%	6%	8%	11%	4%	6%	9%	7%	9%	8%	8%	4%	9%
Don't know	2%	1%	3%	0%	0%	2%	1%	2%	2%	0%	0%	3%	0%	2%
Unwght N=	191	128	163	221	220	152	167	212	213	131	188	191	98	280

## You do not think you need it

	Party ID w	/ Leaners	Gender		Race/ethnicity White,		Ą	ge	Inco	ome	Edu Some	ıcation	Parent/	Guardian
	Dem/	Rep/			Non-	Non-	Under	•			coll or	-		
	Lean Dem	Lean Rep	Male	Female	Hisp	White	50	50+	<\$100K	\$100K+	less	College+	- Yes	No
Major reason	15%	36%	32%	20%	27%	24%	29%	22%	26%	25%	29%	19%	22%	26%
Minor reason	23%	25%	25%	21%	25%	22%	23%	23%	24%	24%	23%	24%	25%	22%
Not a reason	61%	33%	37%	58%	45%	50%	43%	53%	46%	51%	45%	54%	49%	49%
Don't know	1%	6%	6%	2%	2%	5%	5%	2%	4%	1%	4%	3%	4%	3%
Unwght N=	188	128	163	218	220	149	164	212	210	131	185	191	95	280

#### It would cost too much

	Party ID w	/ Leaners	Gender		Race/e White	thnicity ,	A	ge	Income		Edu Some	cation	Parent/0	Guardian
	Dem/	Rep/			Non-	Non-	Under	•			coll or	-		
	Lean Dem	Lean Rep	Male	Female	Hisp	White	50	50+	<\$100K	\$100K+	less	College+	Yes	No
Major reason	17%	12%	13%	16%	9%	20%	16%	14%	18%	6%	18%	9%	18%	14%
Minor reason	23%	15%	23%	21%	24%	20%	28%	14%	20%	25%	20%	25%	18%	22%
Not a reason	58%	71%	63%	60%	65%	57%	52%	72%	58%	69%	59%	65%	60%	62%
Don't know	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%	3%	4%	0%	4%	0%	3%	1%	4%	2%
Unwght N=	191	128	163	221	220	152	167	212	213	131	188	191	98	280

#### You want to know more about how well it works

	Party ID w	/ Leaners			Race/ethnicity White,		A	ge	Inco	ome	Edu Some	ıcation	Parent/	Guardian
	Dem/	Rep/			Non-	Non-	Under	•			coll or	-		
	Lean Dem	Lean Rep	Male	Female	Hisp	White	50	50+	<\$100K	\$100K+	less	College+	- Yes	No
Major reason	87%	71%	80%	84%	82%	82%	83%	82%	82%	82%	82%	83%	77%	84%
Minor reason	7%	14%	7%	8%	8%	9%	9%	7%	8%	9%	9%	7%	15%	6%
Not a reason	5%	16%	11%	7%	10%	8%	8%	10%	9%	9%	10%	8%	8%	9%
Don't know	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	2%	0%	1%
Unwght N=	191	128	163	221	220	152	167	212	213	131	188	191	98	280

## Q. How worried are you that you or someone in your household will get sick from the coronavirus – very worried, somewhat worried, not very worried, or not worried at all?

Very worried	30%
Somewhat worried	41%
Not very worried	17%
Not worried at all	12%
Unwght N=	996

## COVID-19 Vaccine November 2020 Rutgers-Eagleton Poll

	Party ID			Ge	ender	Race/ethnicity			Age				Income \$50k- \$100k-			
	Dem	Ind	Rep	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	<\$50K	<\$100k	<150k	\$150k+
Very worried	38%	27%	18%	26%	34%	25%	33%	40%	22%	39%	28%	26%	37%	28%	28%	22%
Somewhat worried	44%	38%	38%	40%	41%	41%	47%	40%	39%	40%	44%	40%	34%	39%	44%	51%
Not very worried	11%	19%	25%	18%	16%	20%	13%	10%	21%	15%	16%	18%	14%	22%	16%	14%
Not worried at all	6%	16%	19%	16%	9%	14%	6%	9%	18%	7%	11%	16%	15%	10%	12%	12%
Unwght N=	393	340	247	513	483	679	103	105	115	331	344	197	203	293	185	212

		Educ	cation		Region						
	HS or	Some	College	Graduate				Phil/			
	less	college	grad	work	Urban	Suburban	Exurban	South	Shore		
Very worried	32%	25%	27%	38%	38%	35%	29%	20%	20%		
Somewhat worried	38%	39%	46%	43%	40%	37%	38%	51%	42%		
Not very worried	16%	20%	19%	12%	14%	16%	19%	15%	23%		
Not worried at all	14%	16%	9%	7%	8%	12%	14%	14%	14%		
Unwght N=	156	245	303	284	153	348	141	173	181		

## Q. How long do you think it will take before New Jersey is back to normal, again, given the current coronavirus pandemic? Will it be:

Within the next month	3%
In 2-3 months	6%
In six months	14%
Between six months and a year	42%
Or longer than that?	30%
Already back to normal (VOL)	0%
Never (VOL)	1%
Don't know (VOL)	4%
Unwght N=	997

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	Party ID			Gender		Rad	Race/ethnicity		Age			Income \$50k- \$100k-				
	Dem	Ind	Rep	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	18-29	30-49	50-64	65+	<\$50K	<\$100k	<150k	\$150k+
Within the next month	2%	2%	7%	3%	2%	4%	1%	0%	4%	3%	1%	3%	1%	2%	4%	5%
In 2-3 months	3%	5%	13%	8%	4%	7%	3%	4%	7%	7%	4%	5%	6%	7%	6%	5%
In six months	9%	15%	22%	15%	14%	16%	8%	14%	12%	18%	12%	15%	14%	15%	13%	15%
Between six months and a year	46%	40%	40%	41%	43%	42%	43%	52%	39%	39%	46%	44%	37%	45%	44%	47%
Or longer than that?	37%	33%	14%	30%	31%	26%	37%	27%	33%	29%	30%	30%	34%	29%	31%	26%
Already back to normal (VOL)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Never (VOL)	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%
Don't know (VOL)	2%	4%	5%	2%	5%	4%	8%	2%	2%	4%	5%	2%	7%	2%	1%	2%
Unwght N=	396	339	246	512	485	679	105	104	116	332	343	197	205	294	185	210

	Education Region								
	HS or	Some	College	Graduate				Phil/	
	less	college	grad	work	Urban	Suburban	Exurban	South	Shore
Within the next month	3%	1%	3%	4%	3%	3%	1%	2%	4%
In 2-3 months	7%	7%	3%	7%	2%	4%	7%	12%	7%
In six months	15%	14%	16%	13%	12%	13%	15%	10%	23%
Between six months and a year	44%	40%	40%	47%	47%	45%	46%	36%	35%
Or longer than that?	27%	30%	36%	27%	33%	33%	25%	32%	26%
Already back to normal (VOL)	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%
Never (VOL)	1%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%
Don't know (VOL)	5%	6%	2%	2%	4%	2%	3%	8%	4%
Unwght N=	158	244	303	284	154	348	141	173	181

#### Methodology

The Rutgers-Eagleton Poll was conducted by telephone using live callers October 18 to 24, 2020, with a scientifically selected random sample of 1,001 New Jersey adults, 18 or older. Persons without a telephone could not be included in the random selection process. Respondents within a household are selected by asking randomly for the youngest adult male or female currently available. If the named gender is not available, the youngest adult of the other gender is interviewed. The poll was available in Spanish for respondents who requested it. This telephone poll included 400 adults reached on a landline phone and 601 adults reached on a cell phone, all acquired through random digit dialing. Distribution of household phone use in this sample is:

Cell Only: 40%
Dual Use, Reached on Cell: 20%
Dual Use, Reached on LL: 38%
Landline Only: 2%

The data were weighted to be representative of the non-institutionalized adult population of New Jersey. The weighting balanced sample demographics to target population parameters. The sample is balanced, by form, to match parameters for sex, age, education, region, race/ethnicity and phone use. The sex, age, education, race/ethnicity and region parameters were derived from 2018 American Community Survey PUMS data. The phone use parameter was derived from estimates provided by the National Health Interview Survey Early Release Program. Weighting was done in two stages. The first stage of weighting corrected for different probabilities of selection among the RDD samples associated with the number of adults in each household and each respondent's telephone usage patterns. This adjustment also accounts for the overlapping landline and cell sample frames and the relative sizes of each frame and each sample.<sup>2</sup> The second stage of weighting balanced sample demographics, by form, to match target population benchmarks. This weighting was accomplished using SPSSINC RAKE, an SPSS extension module that simultaneously balances the distributions of all variables using the GENLOG procedure. Weights were trimmed to prevent individual interviews from having too much influence on survey estimates. The use of these weights in statistical analysis ensures that the demographic characteristics of the sample closely approximate the demographic characteristics of the target population.

Post-data collection statistical adjustments require analysis procedures that reflect departures from simple random sampling. We calculate the effects of these design features so that an appropriate adjustment can be incorporated into tests of statistical significance when using these data.

All surveys are subject to sampling error, which is the expected probable difference between interviewing everyone in a population versus a scientific sampling drawn from that population. Sampling error should be adjusted to recognize the effect of weighting the data to better match the population. In this poll, the simple sampling error for 1,001 New Jersey adults is +/-3.1 percentage points at a 95

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2018; U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2013–2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Buskirk, T. D., & Best, J. (2012). Venn Diagrams, Probability 101 and Sampling Weights Computed for Dual Frame Telephone RDD Designs. Journal of Statistics and Mathematics, 15, 3696-3710.

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percent confidence interval. The design effect<sup>3</sup> is 1.5, making the adjusted margin of error +/- 3.8 percentage points. Thus, if 50 percent of New Jersey adults in this sample favor a particular position, we would be 95 percent sure that the true figure is between 46.2 and 53.8 percent (50 +/- 3.8) if all New Jersey adults had been interviewed, rather than just a sample.

Sampling error does not consider other sources of variation inherent in public opinion studies, such as non-response, question wording, or context effects.

This Rutgers-Eagleton Poll was fielded by Braun Research, Inc. with sample from Dynata. The questionnaire was developed and all data analyses were completed in house by the Eagleton Center for Public Interest Polling (ECPIP). Dr. Kyle Morgan assisted with analysis and preparation of this report. The Rutgers-Eagleton Poll is paid for and sponsored by the Eagleton Institute of Politics at Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, a non-partisan academic center for the study of politics and the political process. Full questionnaires are available on request and can also be accessed through our archives at eagletonpoll.rutgers.edu. For more information, please contact poll@eagleton.rutgers.edu.

#### **Weighted Sample Characteristics** 1,001 New Jersey Adults

Male	48%	Democrat	41%	18-34	26%	HS or Less	29%	White	58%
Female	52%	Independent	36%	35-49	25%	Some College	30%	Black	12%
		Republican	23%	50-64	29%	<b>College Grad</b>	22%	Hispanic	18%
				65+	20%	<b>Grad Work</b>	19%	Other	12%

incorporated into tests of statistical significance when using these data. The so-called "design effect" or deff represents the loss in statistical efficiency that results from a disproportionate sample design and systematic nonresponse.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Post-data collection statistical adjustments require analysis procedures that reflect departures from simple random sampling. We calculate the effects of these design features so that an appropriate adjustment can be